



Question-based analysis of Geographic Information with Semantic Queries

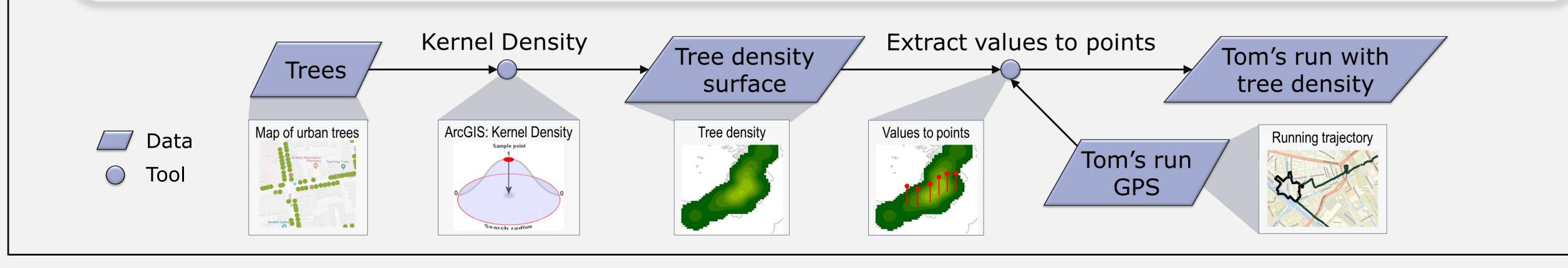
Question-based Analysis of Geographic Information with Semantic Queries (QuAnGIS)

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Motivation

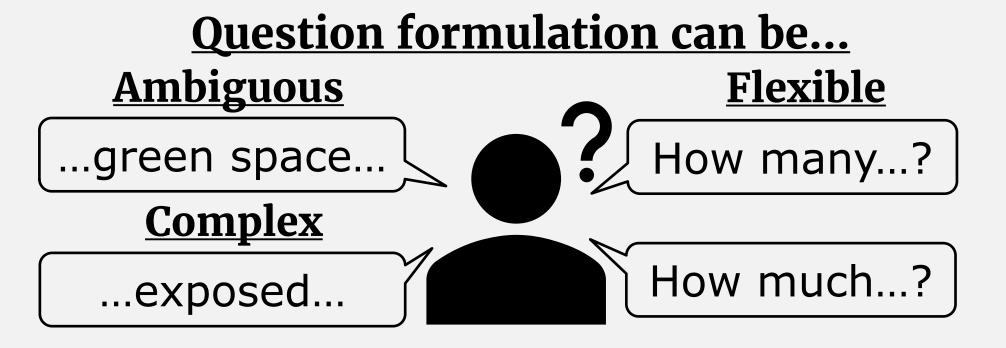
Geo-analytical question answering system

How much is Tom exposed to green space while running through Amsterdam?



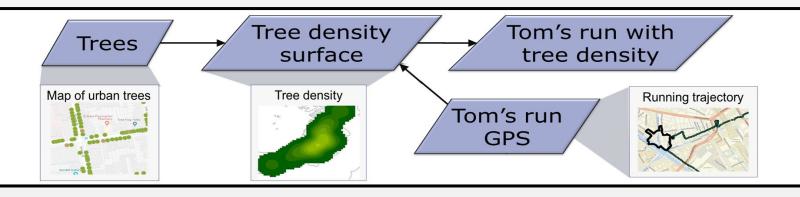
How to ask and answer geo-analytical questions in a question answering(QA) system with GIS for Human Geography?

Challenges



e.g. How far away is green space from...? How much walkable space is there in...?

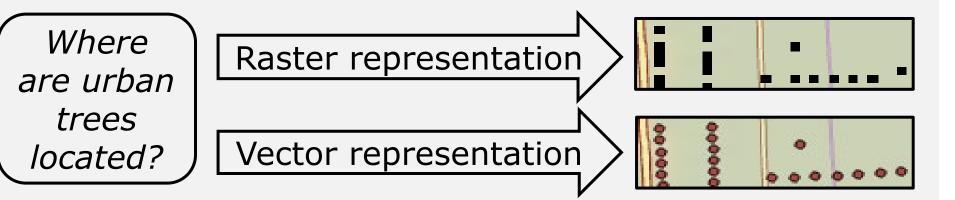
<u>Answering may require multiple steps</u>



How many urban trees are in Amsterdam? is answered online, but *How many trees are there near Tom?* is not. That means for the second question **the answer has to be generated!**

Many possible ways to generate answers

A single question can be answered using **different yet equally valid** tools and geodata [1]. When is an answer valid for a question? How should the system select the 'best' answer?

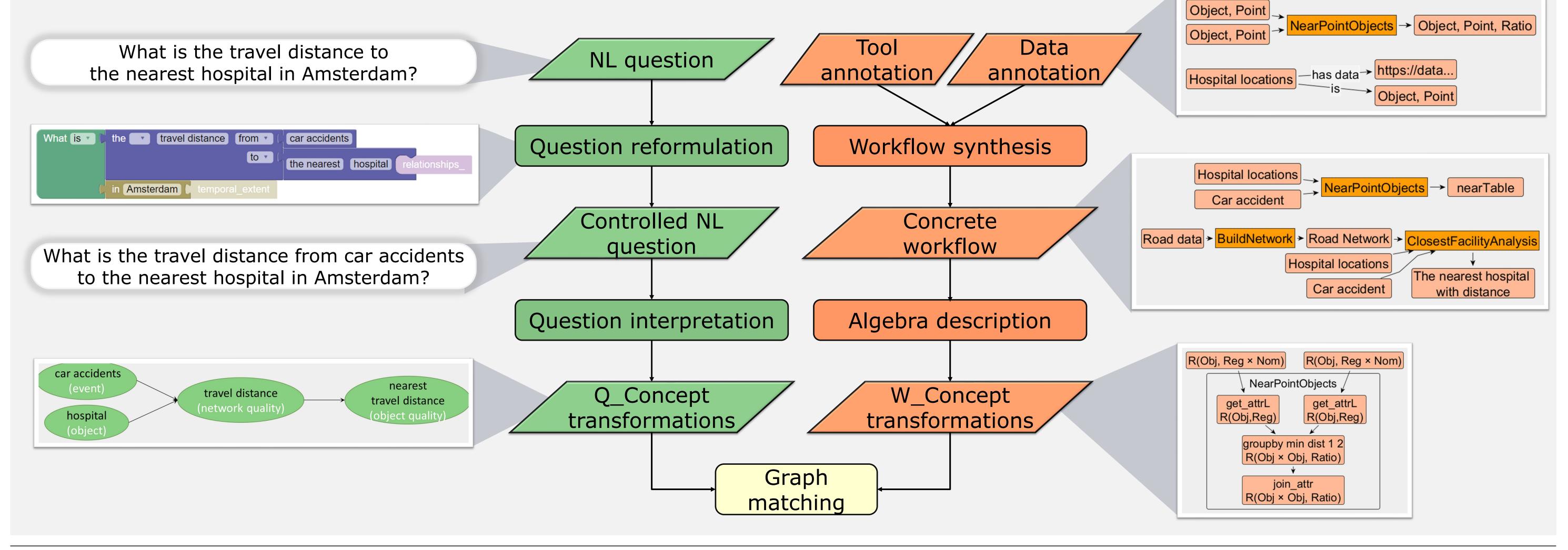


Solution

Core concepts of spatial information [2] includes 10 concepts that distinguish the nature of spatial phenomenon, properties and relations. For example, *field* represents spatially continuous phenomena (e.g., temperature); *object* describes spatially bounded entities (e.g., hospital), *network* refers to quantified relations between objects (e.g., road network).

Core concepts play an important role in defining the solution of geo-analytical QA system, because they can:

- decompose and interpret geo-analytical questions into concept transformations.
- describe the analytical potentials of geodata and clarify how they can be analyzed.
- constrain how workflows can be synthesized.



References

- 1. Simon Scheider, Enkhbold Nyamsuren, Han Kruiger & Haiqi Xu (2021) Geoanalytical question-answering with GIS, International Journal of Digital Earth, 14:1, 1-14.
- 2. Kuhn, W. (2012). Core concepts of spatial information for transdisciplinary research. International Journal of Geographical Information Science, 26(12), 2267-2276.

Acknowledgements

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