



Mapping of groundwater-dependent ecosystems based on a high-resolution global groundwater model

Nicole Gyakowah Otoo¹, Edwin H. Sutanudjaja¹, Michelle T. H. van Vliet¹, Aafke M. Schipper^{1,2,3}, Marc F. P. Bierkens^{1,4}

1. Department of Physical Geography, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

3. PBL Netherlands Environmental Assessment Agency, The Hague, The Netherlands

2. Radboud University, Radboud Institute for Biological and Environmental Sciences (RIBES), Nijmegen, The Netherlands

4. Unit Subsurface & Groundwater Systems, Deltares, Utrecht, the Netherlands

1. Introduction

- Population growth has led to an increase in the dependency on groundwater resources.
- Limited recharge** due to climate change and high abstractions may adversely affect groundwater dependent ecosystems (**GDEs**) and biodiversity.
- Inventory of GDEs on a global scale is not available.

2. Objective

To map groundwater-dependent ecosystems (GDEs) worldwide using a global hydrology model

3. Methodology

Classification based on typology and hydrology

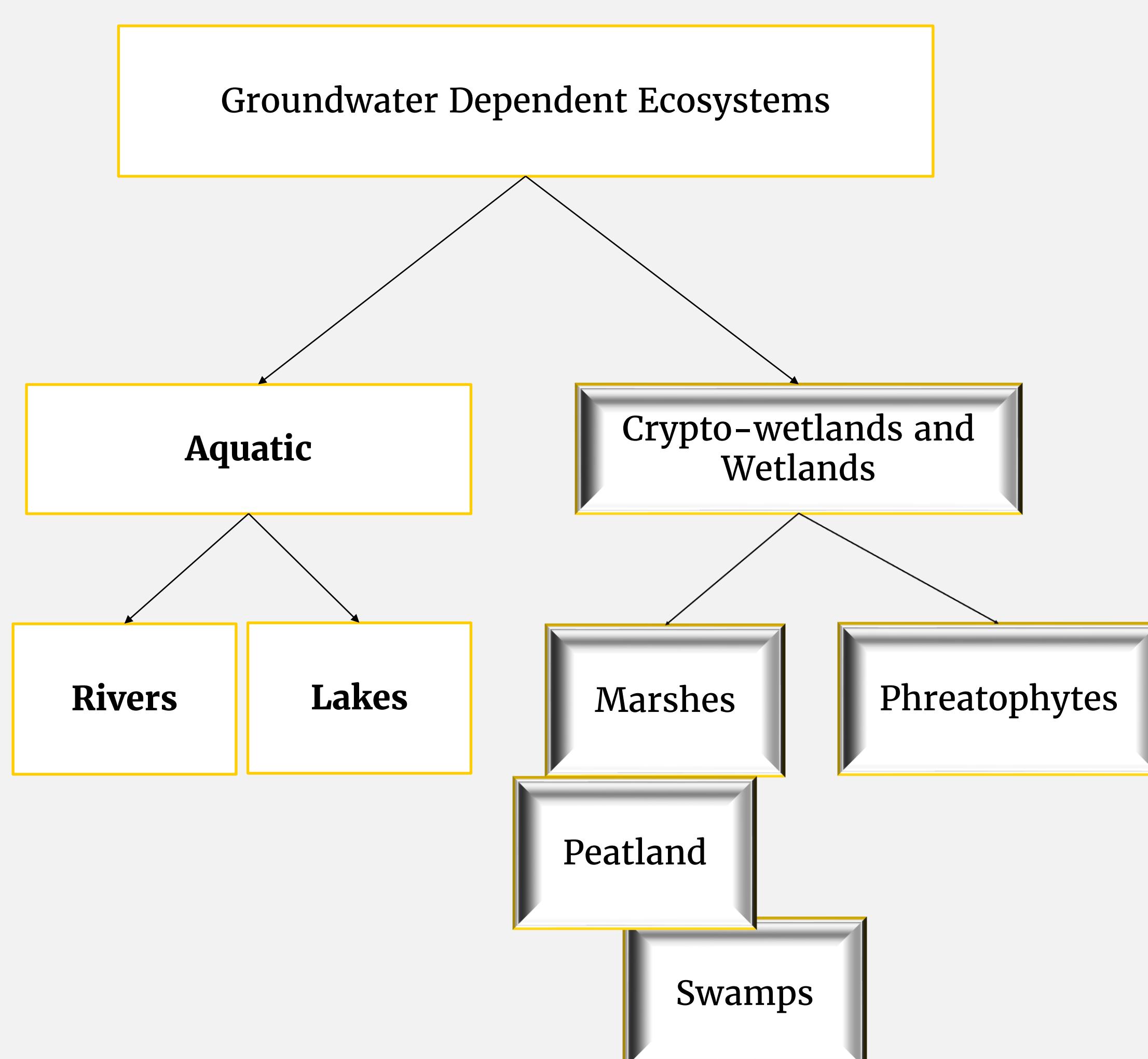


Figure 1: Classification of GDEs N.B : Results based on aquatic GDEs.

Model run (Australia) using the PCR GLOWB 2.0

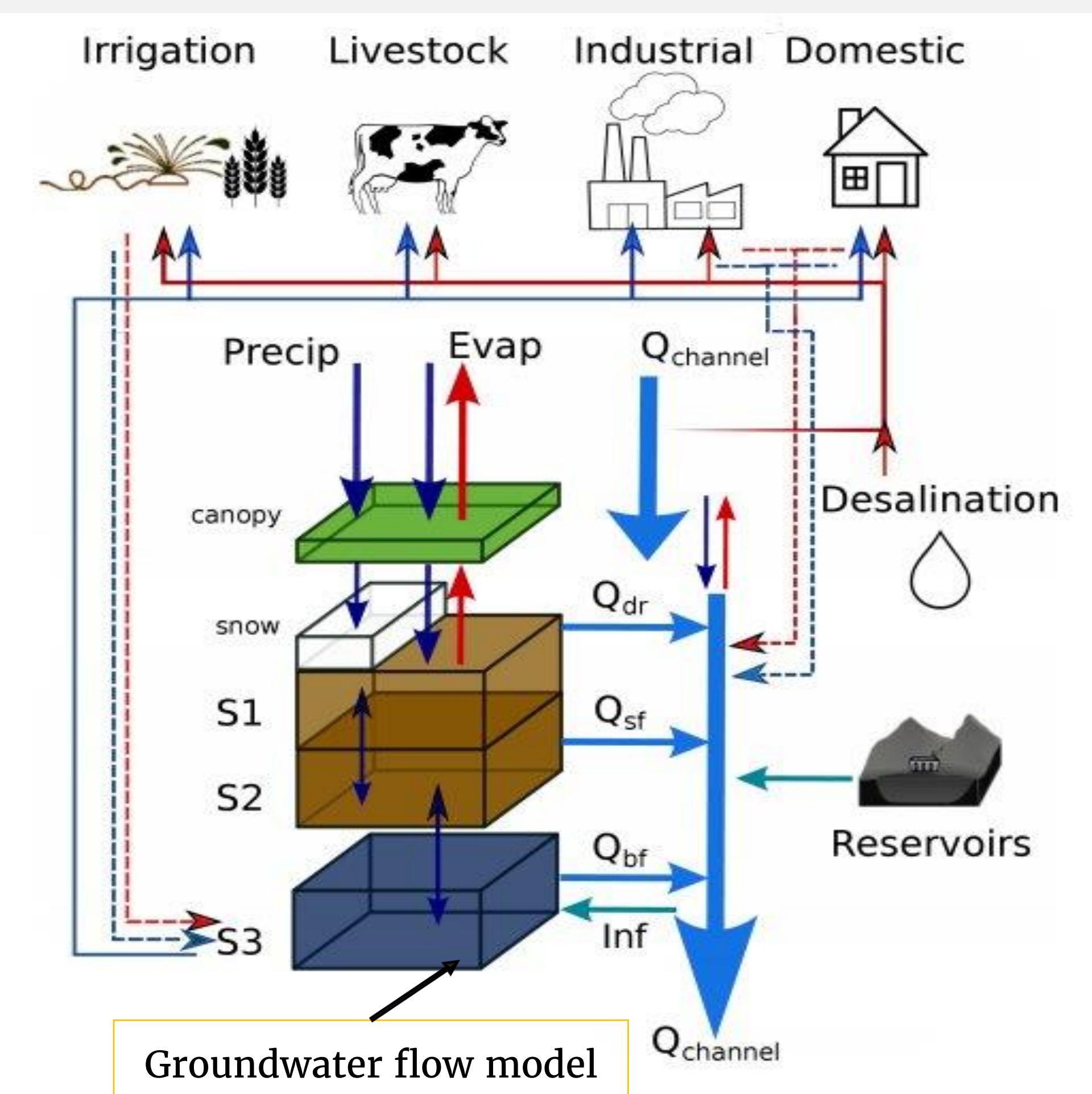


Figure 2: Schematic overview of PCR 2.0 (Sutanudjaja *et al.* 2018). Groundwater flow model used in this study is GLOGM v1.0, Verkaik *et al.* 2022)

4. Results

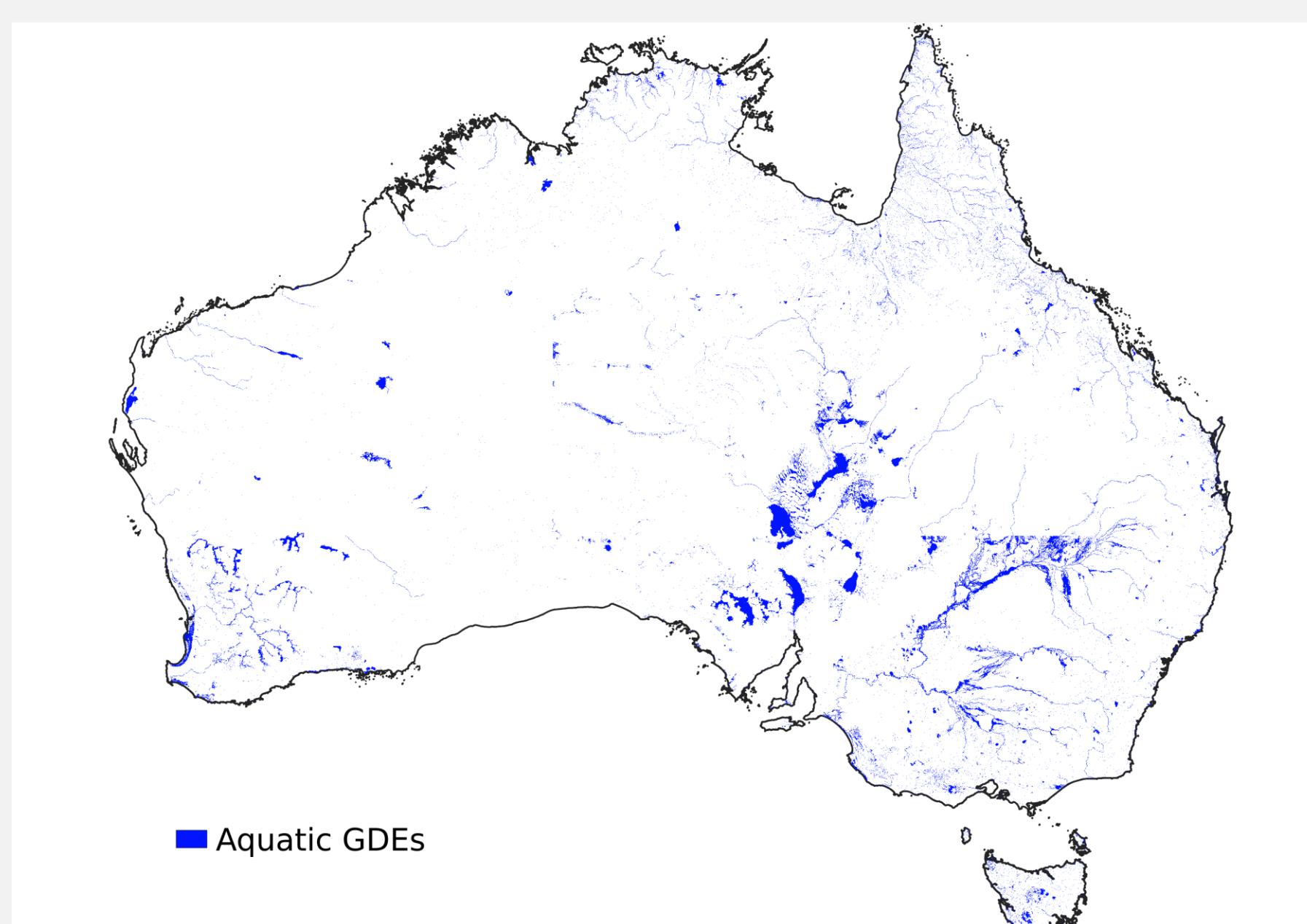


Figure 2a : Modelled Aquatic GDEs (River width threshold>100m)

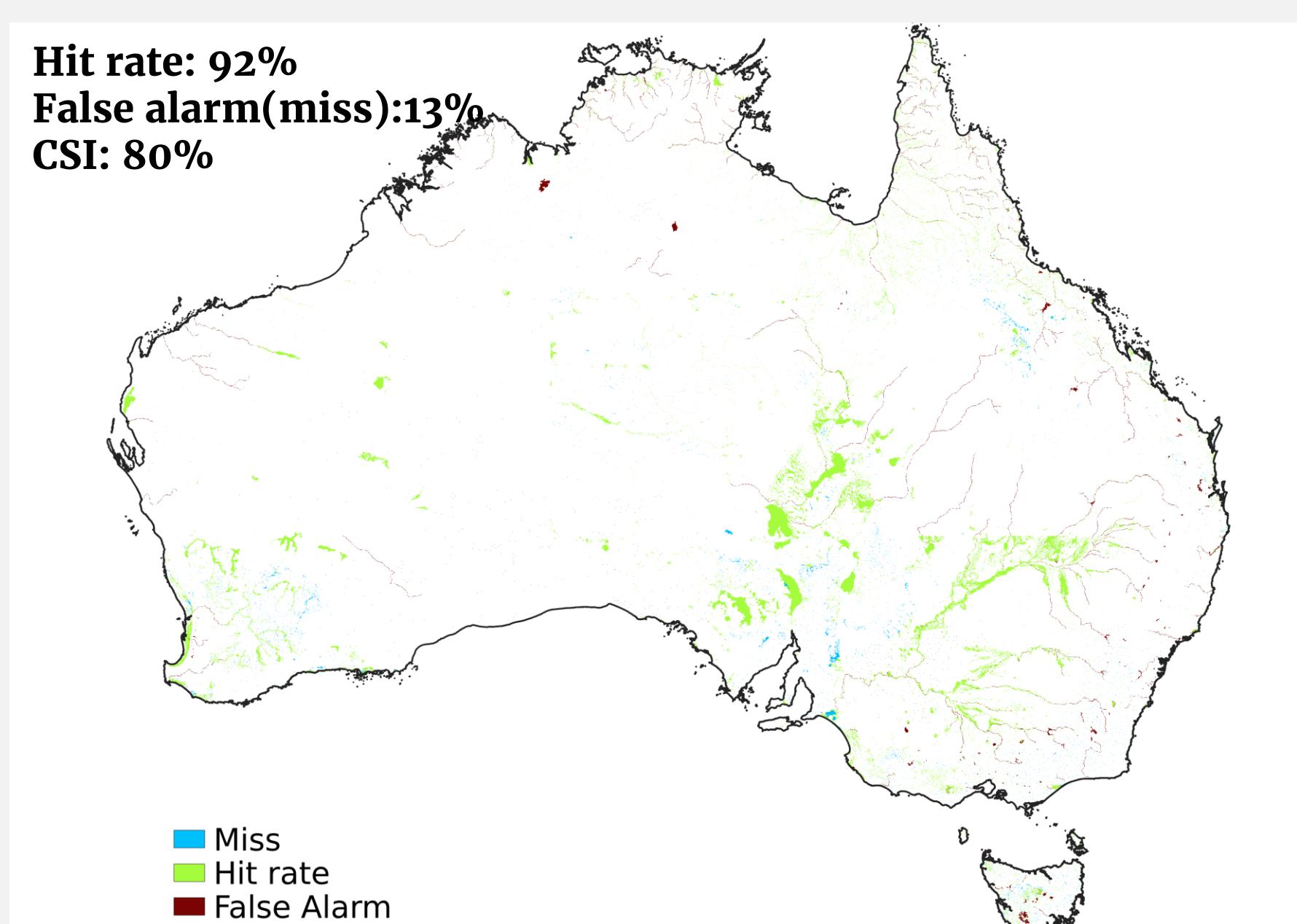


Figure 2b : Validation with Australian GDE Atlas (River width threshold>100m)

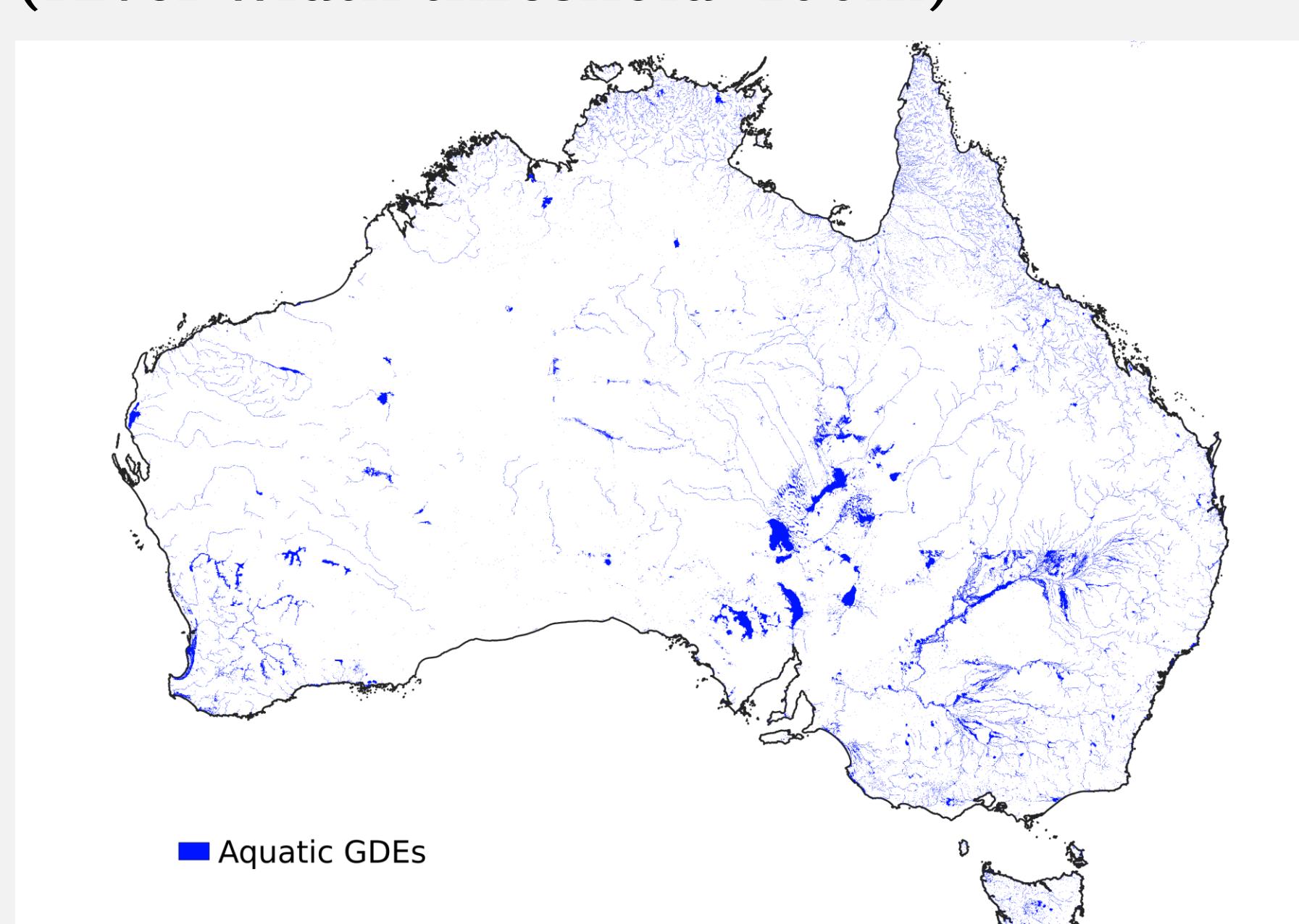


Figure 3a : Modelled Aquatic GDEs (River width threshold>30m)

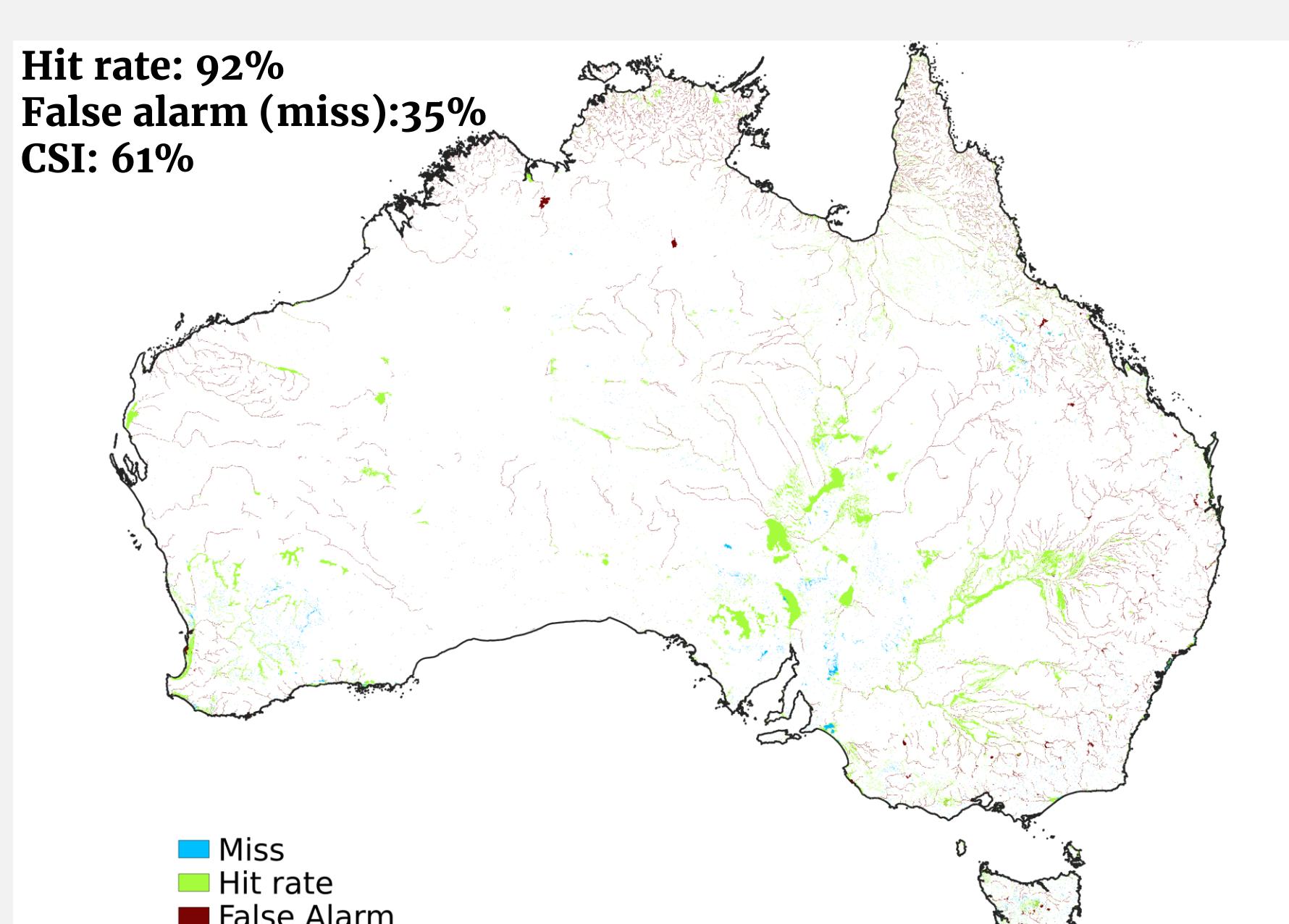


Figure 3b : Validation with Australian GDE Atlas (River width threshold>30m)

Validations

- Hit rate** : Similarity index
- False alarm** : Missed ecosystems
- CSI**: Critical success index of the model run

5. Conclusions and Outlook

- Hyper resolution global hydrological models are effective for identifying GDEs.
- Transient model runs are essential for estimating the extent of dependency to groundwater.
- These results are important for calibrating the model .
- The next step is a global run for mapping the aquatic and terrestrial GDEs and make future projections.

References

- Sutanudjaja, E. H., Van Beek, R., Wanders, N., Wada, Y., Bosmans, J. H., Drost, N., ... & Bierkens, M. F. (2018). PCR-GLOWB 2: a 5 arcmin global hydrological and water resources model. *Geoscientific Model Development*, 11(6), 2429–2453.
- Verkaik, J., Sutanudjaja, E. H., Oude Essink, G. H., Lin, H. X., & Bierkens, M. F. (2022). GLOGM v1. 0: a parallel implementation of a 30 arcsec PCR-GLOWB-MODFLOW global-scale groundwater model. *Geoscientific Model Development Discussions*, 1–27.